

St Cuthbert's RC Academy Trust / St Richard's VC Academy

School Records Management Policy



SCRCAT recognises that by efficiently managing its records, it will be able to comply with its legal and regulatory obligations and to contribute to the effective overall management of the institution. Records provide evidence for protecting the legal rights and interests of the school, and provide evidence for demonstrating performance and accountability. This document provides the policy framework through which this effective management is achieved and audited. It covers:

- Scope
- Responsibilities
- Relationships with existing policies

1. Scope of the policy

1.1 This policy applies to all records created, received or maintained by staff of the school in the course of carrying out its functions.

1.2 Records are defined as all those documents which facilitate the business carried out by the school and which are thereafter retained (for a set period) to provide evidence of its transactions or activities. These records may be created, received or maintained in hard copy or electronically.

1.3 A small percentage of the school's records will be selected for permanent preservation as part of the institution's archives and for historical research. This should be done in liaison with the County Archives Service.

2. Responsibilities

2.1 The school has a corporate responsibility to maintain its records and record keeping systems in accordance with the regulatory environment. The person with overall responsibility for this policy is the Head of the School.

2.2 The person responsible for records management in the school will give guidance for good records management practice and will promote compliance with this policy so that information will be retrieved easily, appropriately and in a timely way. They will also monitor compliance with this policy by surveying at least annually to check if records are stored securely and can be accessed appropriately.

2.3 Individual staff and employees must ensure that records for which they are responsible are accurate, and are maintained and disposed of in accordance with the school's records management guidelines.

3. Relationship with existing policies

This policy has been drawn up within the context of:

- Freedom of Information policy
- Data Protection policy
- and with other legislation or regulations (including audit, equal opportunities and ethics) affecting the school.

Signed: _____ [Mrs C Coldham, Head of School]

Date: June 2018

Review Date: May 2020

Acknowledgements Content developed in 2012 by: **Anthony Sawyer** Herefordshire Public Services
John Davies TFPL Consultancy

Pupil Records

These guidelines apply to information created and stored in both physical and electronic format. These are only guidelines and have no legal status.

1. Managing Pupil Records

The pupil record should be seen as the core record charting an individual pupil's progress through the Education System¹. The pupil record should accompany the pupil to every school they attend and should contain information that is accurate, objective and easy to access. These guidelines are based on the assumption that the pupil record is a principal record and that all information relating to the pupil will be found in the file (although it may spread across more than one file cover).

2. Recording information

Pupils have a right of access to their educational record and so do their parents under the Education (Pupil Information) (England) Regulations 2005. Under the Data Protection Act 1998 a pupil or their nominated representative has a right to see information held about them. This right exists until the point that the file is destroyed. Therefore, it is important to remember that all information should be accurately recorded, objective in nature and expressed in a professional manner.

3. Primary School records

3a. Opening a file

These guidelines apply to information created and stored in both physical and electronic format.

The pupil record starts its life when a file is opened for each new pupil as they begin school. This is the file which will follow the pupil for the rest of his/her school career. If pre-printed file covers are not being used then the following information should appear on the front of the paper file:

- Surname
- Forename
- DOB
- Unique Pupil Number²

¹ See Education Act 1996 Section 8; The Education (Start of Compulsory School Age) Order 1998

² The Unique Pupil Number is a number that identifies each pupil in England uniquely. It is intended to remain with them throughout their school career regardless of any change in school or Local Authority. Not to be confused with the Unique Learner Number allocated to pupils over 14 <https://nationalpupildatabase.wikispaces.com/IDs>

The file cover should also contain a note of the date when file was opened and the date when the file is closed if it is felt to be appropriate. Inside the front cover the following information should be easily accessible:

- The name of the pupil's doctor
- Emergency contact details
- Gender
- Preferred name
- Position in family
- Ethnic origin³
- Language of home (if other than English)⁴
- Religion⁵
- Any allergies or other medical conditions that it is important to be aware of⁶
- Names of adults who hold parental responsibility with home address and telephone number (and any additional relevant carers and their relationship to the child)
- Name of the school, admission number and the date of admission and the date of leaving.
- Any other agency involvement e.g. speech and language therapist, pediatrician. It is essential that these files, which contain personal information, are managed against the information security guidelines also contained in the toolkit.

3b. Items which should be included on the pupil record

- If the pupil has attended an early years setting, then the record of transfer should be included on the pupil file
- Admission form (application form)

³ Although this is "sensitive" data under the Data Protection Act 1998, the Department for Education require statistics about ethnicity

⁴ This needs to be recorded for the School Census (Mother Tongue)

⁵ Although this is "sensitive" data under the Data Protection Act 1998, the school has good reasons for collecting the information

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- Privacy Notice [if these are issued annually only the most recent need be on the file]
- Photography Consents
- Years Record
- Annual Written Report to Parents
- National Curriculum and Religious Education Locally Agreed Syllabus Record Sheets
- Any information relating to a major incident involving the child (either an accident or other incident)
- Any reports written about the child
- Any information about a statement and support offered in relation to the statement
- Any relevant medical information (should be stored in the file in a sealed envelope clearly marked as such)
- Child protection reports/disclosures (should be stored in the file in a sealed envelope clearly marked as such)
- Any information relating to exclusions (fixed or permanent)
- Any correspondence with parents or outside agencies relating to major issues
- Details of any complaints made by the parents or the pupil

The following records should be stored separately to the pupil record as they are subject to shorter retention periods and if they are placed on the file then it will involve a lot of unnecessary weeding of the files before they are transferred on to another school.

- Absence notes
- Parental consent forms for trips/outings [in the event of a major incident all the parental consent forms should be retained with the incident report not in the pupil record]
- Correspondence with parents about minor issues
- Accident forms (these should be stored separately and retained on the school premises until their statutory retention period is reached. A copy could be placed on the pupil file in the event of a major incident)

3c. Transferring the pupil record to the secondary school

The pupil record should not be weeded before transfer to the secondary school unless any records with a short retention period have been placed in the file. It is important to remember that the information which may seem unnecessary to the person weeding the file may be a vital piece of information required at a later stage. Primary schools do not need to keep copies of any records in the pupil record except if there is an ongoing legal action when the pupil leaves the school. Custody of and responsibility for the records passes to the school the pupil transfers to. Files should not be sent by post unless absolutely necessary. If files are sent by post, they should be sent by registered post with an accompanying list of the files. The secondary school should sign a copy of the list to say that they have received the files and return that to the primary school. Where appropriate, records can be delivered by hand with signed confirmation for tracking and auditing purposes. Electronic documents that relate to the pupil file also need to be transferred, or, if duplicated in a master paper file, destroyed.